





MINERAL OIL (REFINED)

Registration Number: 01-2119467170-45-XXXX

EC	CAS	Index number	CLP Classification	Percent
265-155-0	64742-52-5	-	Not classified.	30-60%

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Registration Number: 01-2119475514-35-XXXX

921-024-6	-	-	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	10-30%
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BUTANE

203-448-7	106-97-8	-	Flam. Gas 1 - H220	5-10%
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ISOBUTANE

200-857-2	75-28-5	-	Flam. Gas 1 - H220	1-5%
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CHLORINATED PARAFFIN C14-C17 (51%)

Registration Number: 01-2119519269-33-XXXX

287-477-0	85535-85-9	-	EUH066 Lact. - H362 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	1-5%
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XYLENE

Registration Number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

215-535-7	1330-20-7	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312, H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	< 1%
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WHITE SPIRIT

Registration Number: 01-2119458049-33-XXXX

919-446-0	64742-82-1	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	< 1%
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The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### 4. First aid measures

##### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>General information:</b>	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Skin contact:</b>	Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Eye contact:</b>	Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

##### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information:** NOTE! Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

##### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### 5. Firefighting measures

##### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Extinguishing media:** Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

##### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Exposure hazards:** Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

##### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

**Special fire fighting procedures:** Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

##### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures 6.2.

##### Environmental precautions

##### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Clean-up procedures:** Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

##### 6.4. Reference to other sections

## 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Handling requirements:** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage conditions: 7.3.** Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

### Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s):** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Workplace exposure limits:

BUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA)	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute)
WEL 600 ppm, 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 750 ppm, 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	60 ppm, 216 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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MINERAL OIL (REFINED)

5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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WHITE SPIRIT

600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
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XYLENE

WEL 50 ppm, 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 100 ppm, 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Protective equipment:



### Engineering measures:

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

### Hygiene measures:

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

### Respiratory protection:

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

### Hand protection:

Use protective gloves.

### Eye protection:

Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable.

### Other Protection:

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State:	Aerosol
Colour:	Brown
Odour:	Characteristic
Solubility: Flammability	Insoluble in water
limits: 9.2. Other information	Lower: 0.8 % Upper: 9.0 %

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

### 10.2. Chemical stability

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal temperature conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials:** See section 10.4

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Fire creates:** Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

## 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

<b>Skin contact:</b>	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.
<b>Eye contact:</b>	Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion: Route of entry:</b>	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.
<b>of entry:</b>	Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity:** Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment 12.6.

### Other adverse effects

## 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**General information:** Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

#### 14. Transport information

UN Number (ADR): 1950

UN Number (IMDG): 1950

UN Number (IATA): 1950

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class: 2, Class 2: Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class: 2.1

ICAO Class/Division: Transport 2.1

labels:



#### 14.4. Packing group Packing

group:

14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable.

Marine pollutant:

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

EmS: F- D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code: (D)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code



## 15. Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Statutory Instruments:** The Aerosol Dispensers (Amendment) Regulations 2014 No.1130.

**Guidance Notes:** Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.  
Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

**EU Legislation:** The Aerosol Dispensers Directive 1975/324 EEC.  
Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008: The Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures Regulations.  
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006: The Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulations (REACH).  
2001/95/EC The General Product Safety Directive (GPSD).  
Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830: Requirements for the compilation of safety data sheets (amending REACH).  
Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006): No specific authorisations are noted for this product.  
Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006): No specific restrictions of use are noted for this product.

### 15.2. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 16. Other information

**Other information:** This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830.

**Phrases used in s.2 and s.3:** EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
H220: Extremely flammable gas.  
H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H312: Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332: Harmful if inhaled.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.  
H373: May cause damage to organs <<Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

### Legal disclaimer